



XHTML Role Attribute Module

A module to support role classification of elements

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Abstract

The XHTML Role Attribute defined in this specification allows the author to annotate XML Languages with machine-extractable semantic information about the purpose of an element. Use cases include accessibility, device adaptation, server-side processing, and complex data description. This attribute can be integrated into any markup language based upon XHTML Modularization [XHTMLMOD [p.19]].

Status of This Document

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This document is a second Last Call Working Draft. It is based upon comments received against the previous draft, and also upon work done in the definition of [XHTML2 [p.19]]. A record of how the comments from the previous last call period were addressed is available at <http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/2008/xhtml-role-lc-doc-20080216.html> . This second Last Call period extends through 10 May 2008.

This document has been produced by the W3C XHTML 2 Working Group as part of the HTML Activity. The goals of the XHTML 2 Working Group are discussed in the XHTML 2 Working Group charter.

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Table of Contents

D.1. Normative References	19
D.2. Other References	19
E. Acknowledgments	21

1. Introduction

This section is informative.

This document is a module designed to be used to help extend the scope of XHTML-family markup languages into new environments. It has been developed in conjunction with the accessibility community and other groups to make it easier to describe the semantic meaning of XHTML-family document content.

2. Conformance Requirements

This section is *normative*.

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119 [p.19]].

Note that all examples in this document are informative, and are not meant to be interpreted as normative requirements.

2.1. Document Conformance

XHTML Role Attribute Module is not a stand-alone document type. It is intended to be integrated into other host languages such as XHTML. A conforming XHTML Role Attribute Module document is a document that requires only the facilities described as mandatory in this specification and the facilities described as mandatory in its host language. Such a document must meet all the following criteria:

1. The document MUST conform to the constraints expressed in its host language implementation.
2. If the host language is not in the XHTML namespace, and the host language does not incorporate this module into its own namespace, then the document MUST contain an XML namespace declaration for the XHTML Role Attribute Module namespace [XMLNAMES [p.19]]. The namespace for XHTML Role Attribute Module is defined to be <http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml>. An example start tag of a root element might look like:

This example is informative

```
<mylang xmlns="http://www.example.com/dtd/mylang"
         xmlns:xh="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" >
```

2.2. Host Language Conformance

When the XHTML Role Attribute Module is included in a host language, all of the facilities required in this specification MUST be included in the host language. In addition, the attribute defined in this specification MUST be included in the content model of the host language.

3. The XHTML Role Attribute

This section is normative.

The Role Attribute Module defines the `role` attribute and some values for that attribute in the default vocabulary space. The `role` attribute takes as its value one or more whitespace separated CURIES [CURIE [p.19]]. Any non-qualified value MUST be interpreted as being from the XHTML vocabulary at <http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab#>. For a list of all roles in the default vocabulary, see [XHTMLVOCAB [p.19]].

The attribute describes the role(s) the current element plays in the context of the document. This can be used, for example, by applications and assistive technologies to determine the purpose of an element. This could allow a user to make informed decisions on which actions may be taken on an element and activate the selected action in a device independent way. It could also be used as a mechanism for annotating portions of a document in a domain specific way (e.g., a legal term taxonomy).

This example is informative

```
<ul role="navigation sitemap">
  <li href="downloads">Downloads</li>
  <li href="docs">Documentation</li>
  <li href="news">News</li>
</ul>
```

The following list represents *some* of the roles defined in the default vocabulary. They are intended to define regions of the document to help orient the user.

banner

A region that contains the prime heading or internal title of a page.

Most of the content of a banner is site-oriented, rather than being page-specific.

Site-oriented content typically includes things such as the logo of the site sponsor, the main heading for the page, and site-specific search tool. Typically this appears at the top of the page spanning the full width.

complementary

Any section of the document that supports but is separable from the main content, but is semantically meaningful on its own even when separated from it.

There are various types of content that would appropriately have this role. For example, in the case of a portal, this may include but not be limited to show times, current weather, related articles, or stocks to watch. The content should be relevant to the main content; if it is completely separable, a more general role should be used instead.

contentinfo

Meta information about the content on the page or the page as a whole.

For example, footnotes, copyrights, links to privacy statements, etc. would belong here.

definition

A definition of a term or concept.

A role is not provided to specify the term being defined, although host languages may provide such an element; in XHTML this is the `dfn` element. The defined term should be included in such an element even when occurring within an element having the definition role.

main

Main content in a document.

This marks the content that is directly related to or expands upon the central topic of the page.

navigation

A collection of links suitable for use when navigating the document or related documents.

note

The content is parenthetic or ancillary to the main content of the resource.

search

The search tool of a web document.

This is typically a form used to submit search requests about the site or to a more general Internet search service.

3.1. Extending the collection of roles

It is possible to define additional role values. Such values MUST be defined in their own vocabulary. Note that current best practice is that the URI associated with that vocabulary resolve to a resource that allows for the discovery of the definition of the roles in the vocabulary. Example definitions include the RDF/OWL Taxonomy for the XHTML role attribute values in Appendix C [p.17] , and the Web Accessibility Initiative's work on an RDF Taxonomy [ARIA-ROLE [p.19]].

A. DTD Implementation

This appendix is *informative*.

The DTD implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD [p.19]]. Consequently, it provides a Qualified Names declaration module.

A.1. Qualified Names Module

Note that this module defines the parameter entity `%xhtml-role-attrs.qname;`. This entity is intended to be used in the attribute lists of elements in any host language that permits the use of the role attribute on elements in its own namespace. If a host language does not permit role in its namespace, then the host language driver should set a parameter entity `%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;` to `INCLUDE` and a parameter entity `%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;` to a value that is the prefix for the XHTML Role Attribute Module attribute.

```
<!-- ..... -->
<!-- XHTML Role QName Module ..... -->
<!-- file: xhtml-role-qname-1.mod

This is XHTML Role - the Role Attribute Module for XHTML.

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This DTD module is identified by the PUBLIC and SYSTEM identifiers:

PUBLIC "-//W3C//ENTITIES XHTML Role Attribute Qnames 1.0//EN"
SYSTEM "http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/DTD/xhtml-role-qname-1.mod"

Revisions:
(none)
..... -->

<!-- XHTML Role Attribute QName (Qualified Name) Module

This module is contained in two parts, labeled Section 'A' and 'B':

Section A declares parameter entities to support namespace-
qualified names, namespace declarations, and name prefixing
for XHTML Role and extensions.

Section B declares parameter entities used to provide
namespace-qualified names for the XHTML role attribute:

%role.qname;    the xmlns-qualified name for @role
...
XHTML Role extensions would create a module similar to this one.
-->

<!-- Section A: XHTML Role Attribute XML Namespace Framework ::::::::::::::: -->
<!-- 1. Declare a %XHTML-ROLE.prefix; conditional section keyword, used
```

to activate namespace prefixing. The default value should inherit '%NS.prefixes;' from the DTD driver, so that unless overridden, the default behavior follows the overall DTD prefixing scheme.

```
-->
<!ENTITY % NS.prefixed "IGNORE" >
<!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefixed "%NS.prefixed;" >

<!-- 2. Declare a parameter entity (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns;) containing
     the URI reference used to identify the XHTML Role Attribute namespace
--&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns   "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" &gt;

<!-- 3. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XML.prefix;) containing
     the default namespace prefix string(s) to use when prefixing
     is enabled. This may be overridden in the DTD driver or the
     internal subset of an document instance. If no default prefix
     is desired, this may be declared as an empty string.

NOTE: As specified in [XMLNAMES], the namespace prefix serves
      as a proxy for the URI reference, and is not in itself significant.
--&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.prefix   "" &gt;

<!-- 4. Declare parameter entities (eg., %XHTML-ROLE.pfx;) containing the
     colonized prefix(es) (eg., '%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;::') used when
     prefixing is active, an empty string when it is not.
--&gt;
&lt;![%XHTML-ROLE.prefixed;[
&lt;!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.pfx   "%XHTML-ROLE.prefix;::" &gt;
]]&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.pfx   "" &gt;

<!-- declare qualified name extensions here ..... --&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % xhtml-role-qname-extra.mod   "" &gt;
%xhtml-role-qname-extra.mod;

<!-- 5. The parameter entity %XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib; may be
     redeclared to contain any non-XHTML Role Attribute namespace
     declaration attributes for namespaces embedded in XML. The default
     is an empty string. XLink should be included here if used
     in the DTD.
--&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % XHTML-ROLE.xmlns.extra.attrib   "" &gt;

<!-- Section B: XML Qualified Names ::::::::::::::::::::: --&gt;
<!-- 6. This section declares parameter entities used to provide
     namespace-qualified names for the XHTML role attribute.
--&gt;
&lt;!ENTITY % xhtml-role.role.qname   "%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role" &gt;

<!-- The following defines a PE for use in the attribute sets of elements in
     other namespaces that want to incorporate the XHTML role attribute. Note</pre>

```

that in this case the XHTML-ROLE.pfx should be defined. -->

```
<!ENTITY % xhtml-role.attrs.qname
  "%XHTML-ROLE.pfx;role"          CDATA      #IMPLIED"
>

<!-- end of xhtml-role-qname-1.mod --&gt;</pre>
```


B. Schema Implementation

This appendix is *informative*.

The schema implementation of XHTML Role Attribute Module conforms to the requirements defined in [XHTMLMOD [p.19]]. It is included here as an example implementation.

B.1. Attributes Module

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xss:schema
  xmlns:xss="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  xmlns:xh11d="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
>
  <xss:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/datatypes/"
    schemaLocation="xhtml-datatypes-1.xsd" />

  <xss:annotation>
    <xss:documentation>
      This is the XML Schema attribute module for XHTML Role
      $Id: xhtml-role-attrib-1.xsd,v 1.1 2008/01/28 18:01:58 ahby Exp $
    </xss:documentation>
    <xss:documentation source="xhtml-copyright-1.xsd"/>
    <xss:documentation source="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml-role#A_role"/>
  </xss:annotation>
  <xss:attribute name="role" type="xh11d:CURIEs"/>
</xss:schema>
```


C. RDF/OWL Taxonomy

This section is informative

The following example shows a way to define the collection of role attributes in the XHTML vocabulary space using RDF/OWL.

This example is informative

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE rdf:RDF [
    <!ENTITY xsd "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
    <!ENTITY dc "http://dublincore.org/2003/03/24/dces#">
    <!ENTITY owl "http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#">
    <!ENTITY rdfs "http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#">
    <!ENTITY rdf "http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
    <!ENTITY states "http://www.w3.org/2005/07/aaa#">
    <!ENTITY wairole "http://www.w3.org/2005/01/wai-rdf/GUIRoleTaxonomy#">
]>
<rdf:RDF xml:base="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
    xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/#"
    xmlns:owl="http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#"
    xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
    xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#"
    xmlns:states="http://www.w3.org/2005/07/aaa#"
    xmlns:wairole="http://www.w3.org/2005/01/wai-rdf/GUIRoleTaxonomy#" >
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="banner">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
            A region that contains the prime heading or internal title of a
            page.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="complementary">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
            Any section of the document that supports but is separable
            from the main content, but is semantically meaningful on its
            own even when separated from it.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="contentinfo">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
            Meta information about the content on the page or the page as
            a whole.
        </dc:description>
    </owl:Class>
    <owl:Class rdf:ID="definition">
        <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:section"/>
        <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>
        <dc:description xml:lang="en">
```

```
A definition of a term or concept.  
  </dc:description>  
</owl:Class>  
<owl:Class rdf:ID="main">  
  <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>  
  <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>  
  <dc:description xml:lang="en">  
    This defines the main content of a document.  
  </dc:description>  
</owl:Class>  
<owl:Class rdf:ID="navigation">  
  <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>  
  <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>  
  <wairole:relatedConcept rdf:resource="wairole:menu"/>  
  <dc:description xml:lang="en">  
    A collection of links suitable for use when navigating the  
    document or related documents.  
  </dc:description>  
</owl:Class>  
<owl:Class rdf:ID="note">  
  <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:section"/>  
  <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>  
  <dc:description xml:lang="en">  
    The content is parenthetic or ancillary to the main content  
    of the resource.  
  </dc:description>  
</owl:Class>  
<owl:Class rdf:ID="search">  
  <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="wairole:region"/>  
  <wairole:scope rdf:resource="wairole:document"/>  
  <dc:description xml:lang="en">  
    The search tool of a web document.  
  </dc:description>  
</owl:Class>  
</rdf:RDF>
```

D. References

This appendix is *normative*.

D.1. Normative References

[CURIE]

"*CURIE Syntax 1.0*", W3C Working Draft, M. Birbeck, S. McCarron, ed., 2 April 2008.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/WD-curie-20080402/>

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/curie>

[RFC2119]

"*Key words for use in RFCs to indicate requirement levels*", RFC 2119, S. Bradner, March 1997.

Available at: <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[XHTMLMOD]

"*Modularization of XHTML™ 1.1*", W3C Proposed Recommendation, D. Austin et al., eds., 13 February 2006.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/PR-xhtml-modularization-20060213>

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml-modularization>

[XHTMLVOCAB]

"*XHTML Vocabulary namespace*", XHTML 2 Working Group.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab>

[XMLNAMES]

"*Namespaces in XML*", W3C Recommendation, T. Bray et al., eds., 14 January 1999.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xml-names-19990114>

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml-names>

D.2. Other References

[ARIA-ROLE]

"*Roles for Accessible Rich Internet Applications*". L. Seeman, R. Schwerdtfeger, 1 June 2007.

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/aria-role>

[XHTML]

"*XHTML™ 1.0: The Extensible HyperText Markup Language (Second Edition)*". S. Pemberton et al., 26 January 2000, revised 1 August 2002.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xhtml1-20020801>

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1>

[XHTML2]

"*XHTML™ 2.0*". J. Axelsson et al., 27 May 2005.

Available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/2005/WD-xhtml2-20050527>

The latest version is available at: <http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml2>

E. Acknowledgments

This section is informative.

At the time of publication, the participants in the W3C XHTML 2 Working Group were: