

## NEW MINERAL NAMES

**Pseudowavellite**

H. LAUBMANN: in F. Henrich, *Ber. deutsch. Ch. Ges.*, 55, (Abt. B) p. 3016, 1922; *Geognostische Jahreshefte, München*, 35, 203, 1922.

NAME: From its resemblance to wavellite.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION: Analysis:  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  28:18,  $(\text{Yt.}, \text{Er})_2\text{O}_3$  1.02,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  5.79,  $\text{CaO}$  16.86,  $\text{BaO}$  0.67,  $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$  30.10,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  18.76; Sum 101.38

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES: White stalactites, triangular in cross section, with perfect basal cleavage.

OPTICAL PROPERTIES: Optically+, uniaxial, birefringence 0.015, indices of refraction about 1.63.

OCCURRENCE: As white radiating incrustations on limonite and wavellite from Amberg.

DISCUSSION: Needs further study before accepting as a new species.

J. F. SCHAIER

**Alkali-Spinel**

H. VON ECKERMANN: Alkali-spinel of the Mansjö Mts. *Geol. Fören, Förh.*, 44, 757, (1922).

NAME: From the composition.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: Black octahedrons contained  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$  1.38% and  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$  1.31%. Analysis:  $\text{MgO}$  24.76,  $\text{FeO}$  9.62,  $\text{CaO}$  0.84,  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$  1.38,  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$  1.31,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  3.04,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  57.80,  $\text{SiO}_2$  0.94; Sum 99.69.

CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC PROPERTIES: Sharp octahedrons.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES: Color blackish green. Sp. Gr. ( $15^\circ$ ) 3.683.  $n=1.720$ .

OCCURRENCE: Among the contact-minerals in the Mansjö Mt. limestone in the province of Hälsingland, Northern Sweden.

J. F. S.

**Avogadrite**

FERRUCCIO ZAMBONINI: Sulla presenza, tra i prodotti dell' attuale attività del Vesuvio, di una varietà cesifera del fluoborato di potassio, (On the presence, among the products of Vesuvius, of a caesium-bearing variety of potassium fluoborate), *Rend. Accad. Lincei*, Ser. 6, III, 644-649(1926).

NAME: In honor of Amedeo Avogadro, famous Italian chemist.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: A fluoborate of potassium carrying some caesium, (K, Cs)  $\text{BF}_4$ . Spectroscopic analysis gave K, Cs, B. Chemical analysis deduced from its similarity to the artificial salt. Somewhat soluble in water.

CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC PROPERTIES: Tabular crystals of eight sides having an angle of  $77^\circ$ . Artificial salt is orthorhombic,  $a:b:c=0.7898:1:1.2830$  ( $m:m=76^\circ39'$ ).

PHYSICAL AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES: Biaxial, negative (?),  $n$  is less than that of water. Birefringence very weak. For the artificial salt  $\alpha_{Na}=1.3239$ ,  $\beta_{Na}=1.3245$ ,  $\gamma_{Na}=1.3247$ .  $2E$  large. Plane of the optic axes parallel to  $a(010)$ ,  $a=Z$ ,  $b=Y$ ,  $c=X$ . Sp. Gr. (pure compound) 2.505.

OCCURRENCE: Found as a sublimate at Vesuvius mixed with other salts.

W. F. FOSHAG