LY Corporation Business Results

FY2024 Q1

August 2, 2024

Security Code: 4689

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Security measures are steadily being implemented.

Repurchasing own shares (JPY 150.0 B) to maintain listing in the Prime Market and for shareholder return.

Business performance starting off smoothly.

- Entire Group revenue grew YoY+7.6%; consolidated adjusted EBITDA YoY+21.7%
- Account advertising revenue continued to grow at YoY+21.4%
- PayPay Consolidated revenue grew YoY+18.8%; quarterly operating income recorded a profit for the first time

Reinforcing products for top-line growth.

- Boosting media power with the redesigned Yahoo! JAPAN app

Shifting gears to achieve medium- to long-term business growth

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Business Results/Topics – By Segment

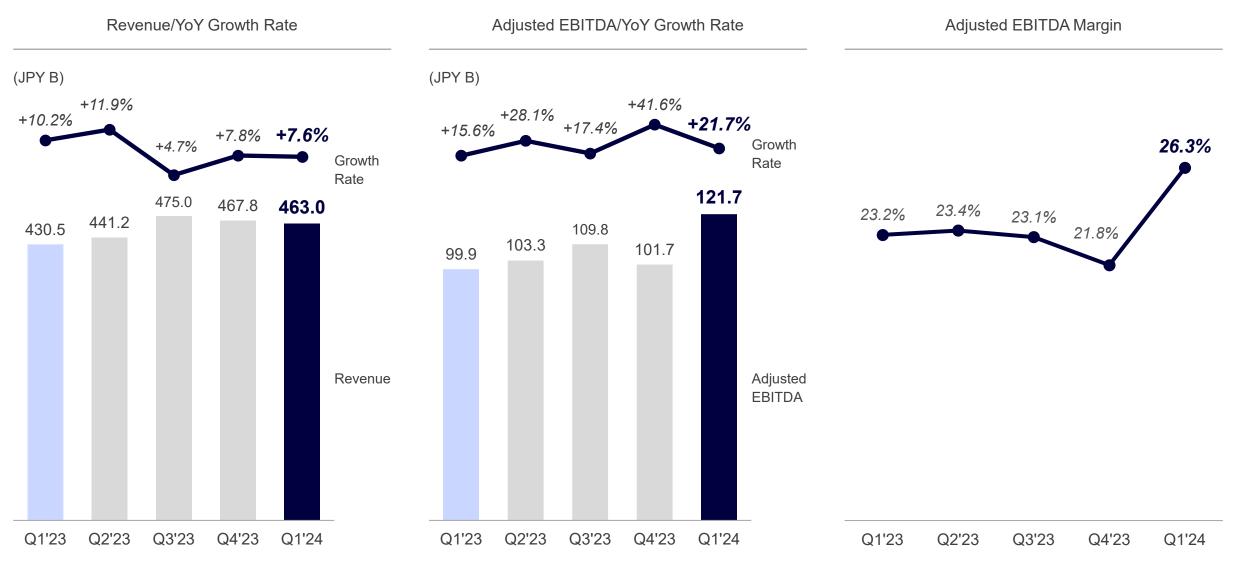
• Repurchasing own shares (JPY 150.0 B) to maintain listing in the Prime Market and for shareholder return.

Outline		Purpose/Policy	
Method No. of Shares Scheduled to Be Tendered	Tender offer 386,597,939 shares	 Raise the tradable share ratio and maintain listing in the Prime Market based on the tender agreement with A Holdings. 	
Tender Offer Price	JPY388 per share	 Improve EPS and ROE by decreasing the number of shares outstanding and reducing equity. 	
Total Amount of Acquisition	JPY150.0 billion	 To be funded within the buffer for capital policy which has been announced as our capital allocation policy. 	
Tender Offer Period	From August 5, 2024 to September 2, 2024	 Will consider future share buybacks as appropriate within 	
Cancellation of own shares	 489,597,939 shares 6.4% of total number of outstanding shares¹ Scheduled date of cancellation: September 30, 2024 	the scope of capital allocation policy.	

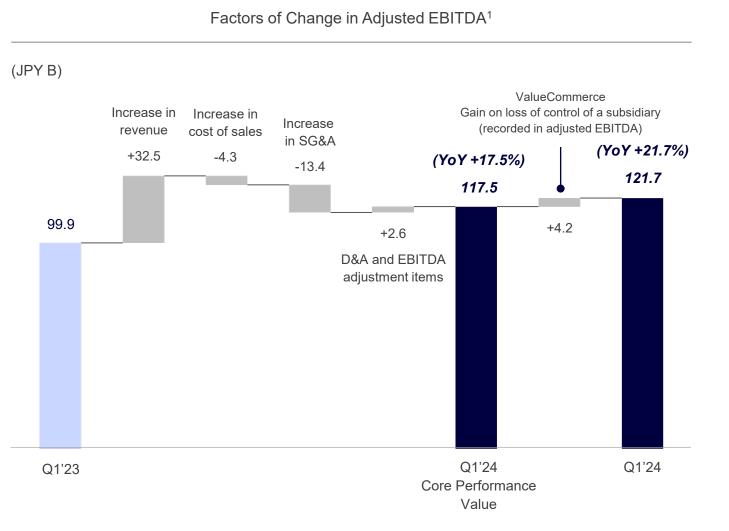
• Both revenue and income increased — on track to meet full-year guidance.

Segment	ltem	FY2024 Q1	% YoY Change	Progress against Guidance
	Revenue	JPY463.0 B	+7.6 %	23.9 %
Entire Group	Adjusted EBITDA	JPY121.7 B	+21.7 %	27.7-28.3 %
	Adjusted EPS	JPY 3.58	-25.6 %	23.4-25.0 %
Madia	Revenue	JPY 177.6 B	+4.4 %	_
Media	Adjusted EBITDA	JPY 69.6 B	+14.2 %	26.7 %
Commoreo	Revenue	JPY 207.3 B	+5.8 %	_
Commerce	Adjusted EBITDA	JPY 41.3 B	+15.7 %	28.2 %
Stratagio	Revenue	JPY 79.1 B	+20.9 %	_
Strategic	Adjusted EBITDA	JPY 6.0 B	+1,384.7 %	28.0 %
Other/Adjustments	Adjusted EBITDA	JPY 4.7 B	+65.7 %	85.5 %

• Revenue and adjusted EBITDA set a new Q1 record as a result of product growth and structural reforms.



Business growth drove increase in revenue and profit, despite increase in SG&A accompanying product reinforcements.



Revenue: +JPY32.5 B

- Media (+JPY7.5 B): Growth in account advertising
- Commerce (+JPY11.2 B): Growth in ZOZO, ASKUL, Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping
- Strategic (+JPY13.6 B): Growth in PayPay Consolidated

Cost of sales: +JPY4.3 B

- Media (+JPY100 mil): Remained flat due to improvement in revenue composition despite growth in revenue
- Commerce (+JPY4.1 B): Increased due to revenue growth
- Strategic (+JPY0.0 B): Remained flat despite growth in revenue

SG&A: +JPY13.4 B

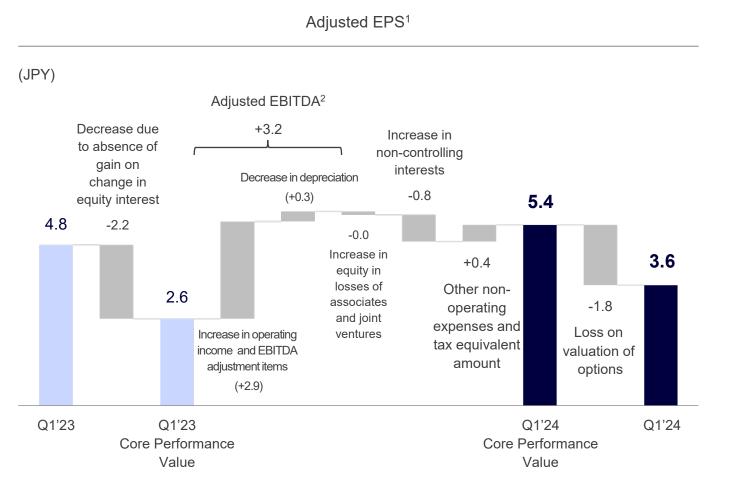
- Sales promotion costs/advertising & promotional expenses (+JPY7.7 B): Increased mainly in Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping and PayPay Consolidated
- Other SG&A (+JPY5.6 B): Increased mainly from recording of expenses related to the termination of LINE Pay service in Japan and increase in payment-related fees for PayPay Consolidated. Expenses for security countermeasures amounted to approx. JPY3.0 B.

D&A and EBITDA adjustment items: +JPY2.6 B

The following one-time factors were recorded in FY2024 Q1. These are included in the operating income, but not in adjusted EBITDA, thus are offset in EBITDA adjustment items (other adjustments).

- IPX Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY22.7 B
- LINE NEXT Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY13.3 B
- ValueCommerce Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY6.9 B (out of which JPY4.2 B is recorded in adjusted EBITDA)
- 1. Adjusted EBITDA: Operating income + depreciation & amortization ± EBITDA adjustment items. EBITDA adjustment items: Gains/losses on non-recurring and non-cash transactions within operating revenue and expenses (loss on retirement of fixed assets, impairment losses, stock compensation expenses, gains on remeasurement relating to business combinations, other transactions with undetermined cash outflows (one-time provisions, etc.), etc.). Also, gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds. Definitions changed from FY2022 Q3. Added certain rents to depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds to EBITDA adjustment items.

• Core performance value excluding one-time factors improved. Further improvement anticipated with the share buyback.



FY2024 Q1 Factors behind YoY change

 Core performance value, excluding Webtoon Entertainment's gain on change in equity interest recorded in FY2023 Q1 and loss on valuation of options regarding equity method affiliates recorded in FY2024 Q1, improved from JPY2.6 in FY2023 Q1 to JPY5.4 in FY2024 Q1 (YoY +104.8%).

Impact of share buyback on adjusted EPS

• Anticipate an improvement of JPY0.4 in adjusted EPS for FY2024 as a result of share buyback.

1. Adjusted EPS: Adjusted net income / Average number of common stocks outstanding. Adjusted net income: Net income attributable to owners of the parent ± EBITDA adjustment items ± tax equivalent on some adjustment items

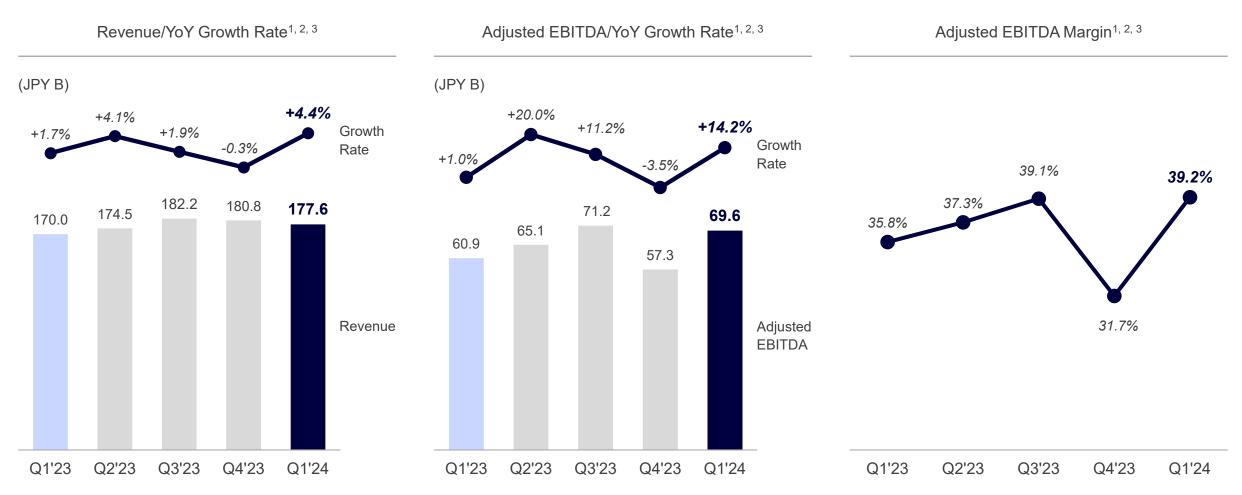
2. Adjusted EBITDA: Operating income + depreciation & amortization ± EBITDA adjustment items. EBITDA adjustment items: Gains/losses on non-recurring and non-cash transactions within operating revenue and expenses (loss on retirement of fixed assets, impairment losses, stock compensation expenses, gains on remeasurement relating to business combinations, other transactions with undetermined cash outflows (one-time provisions, etc.), etc.). Also, gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds. Definitions changed from FY2022 Q3. Added certain rents to depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds to EBITDA adjustment items.

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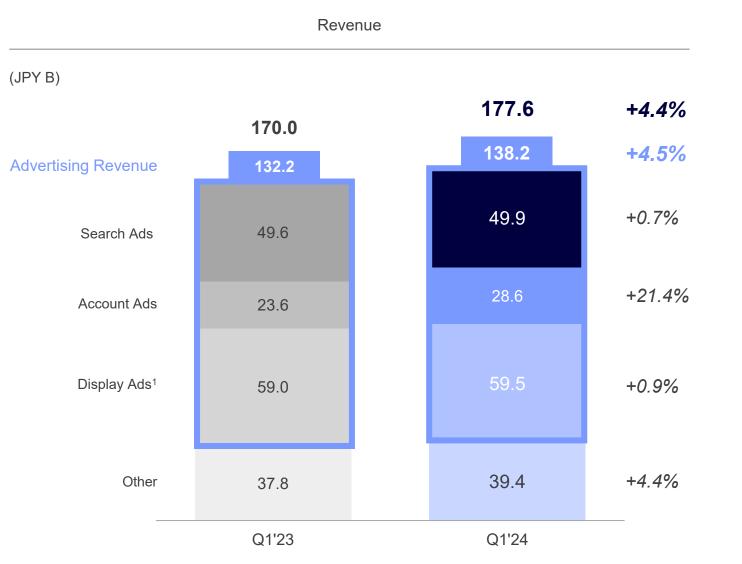
• Account advertising drove revenue growth; cost controls led to margin improvement.



1. From FY2023 Q1, Yahoo Japan Corporation's data solution service and dely Inc.'s service were transferred from Other to Media Business. In addition, part of the expenses related to LINE Corporation and its subsidiaries, which were previously allocated to Other and Adjustments, have been allocated to Media Business. The segment information for FY2022 has been revised as a result.

- 2. In FY2023 Q3, membership service business was transferred from Commerce Business to Media Business. In addition, email service was transferred from Other to Media Business. As a result, figures for FY2022, FY2023 Q1, and FY2023 Q2 have been retroactively revised.
- 3. In FY2023 Q3, personnel expenses of the back office and technology divisions as well as expenses related to data centers and internal infrastructure that were classified under Adjustments, were allocated to each segment. In addition, some accounting items to which figures are recorded were changed due to the merger. As a result, figures for FY2022, FY2023 Q1, and FY2023 Q2 have been retroactively revised.

• Account advertising grew over 20% YoY; making a smooth start toward achieving full-year guidance.



Search advertising: +JPY300 million

- Revenue from partners' websites decreased YoY, but LY Corporation's websites grew by +6.5% YoY.
- Product improvements in Shopping Search Ads, display of images in search result pages, and other factors contributed to a certain extent.

Account advertising: +JPY5.0 billion

• Number of paid accounts and pay-as-you-go billing expanded steadily.

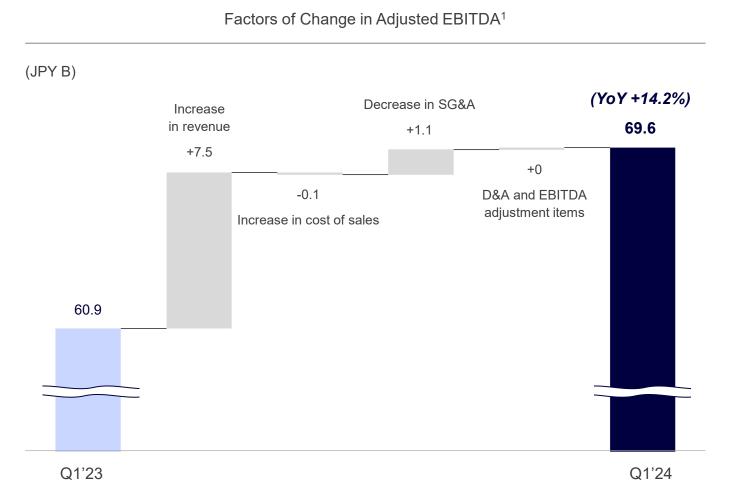
Display advertising: +JPY500 million

• LINE Ads: Solid growth in chat lists and other websites.

Other: +JPY1.6 billion

• Strong growth in LINE Stickers.

 Profitability improved as a result of revenue growth and continued cost optimization mainly around business commissions.



Cost of sales: +JPY100 million

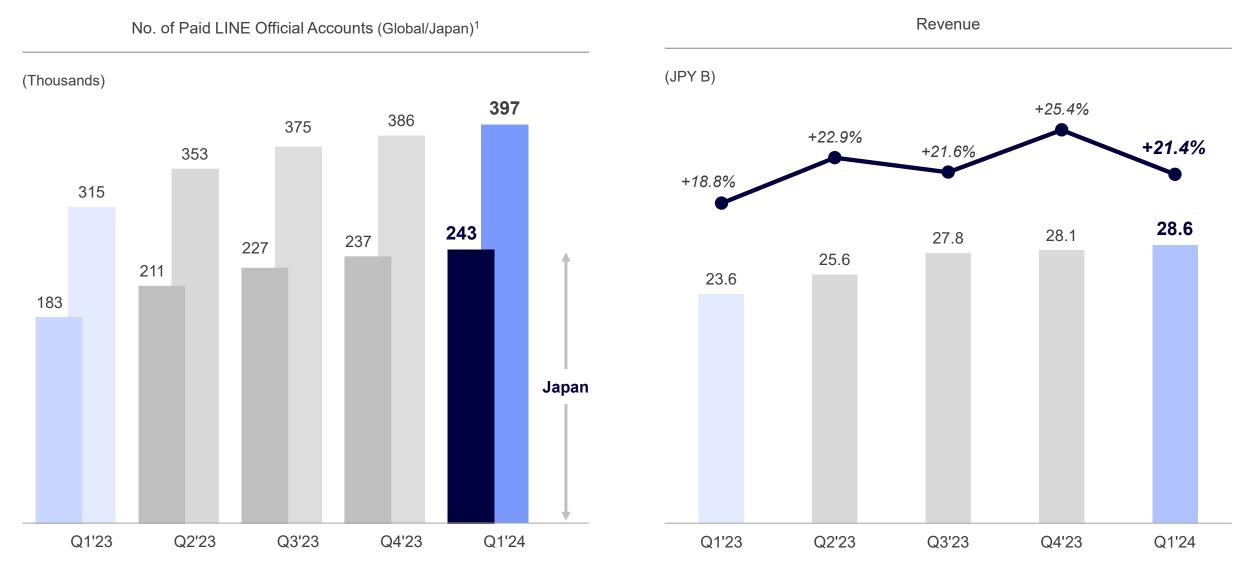
 Cost of sales remained flat as a result of improved revenue composition led by the growth in account advertising, which has a low cost of sales ratio.

SG&A: -JPY1.1 billion

- Sales promotion costs/advertising & promotional expenses (+JPY 200 million): Slight increases in expenses for products, e.g., search, LINE Stickers.
- Other SG&A (-JPY1.4 B): Business commissions decreased mainly due to cost optimization.

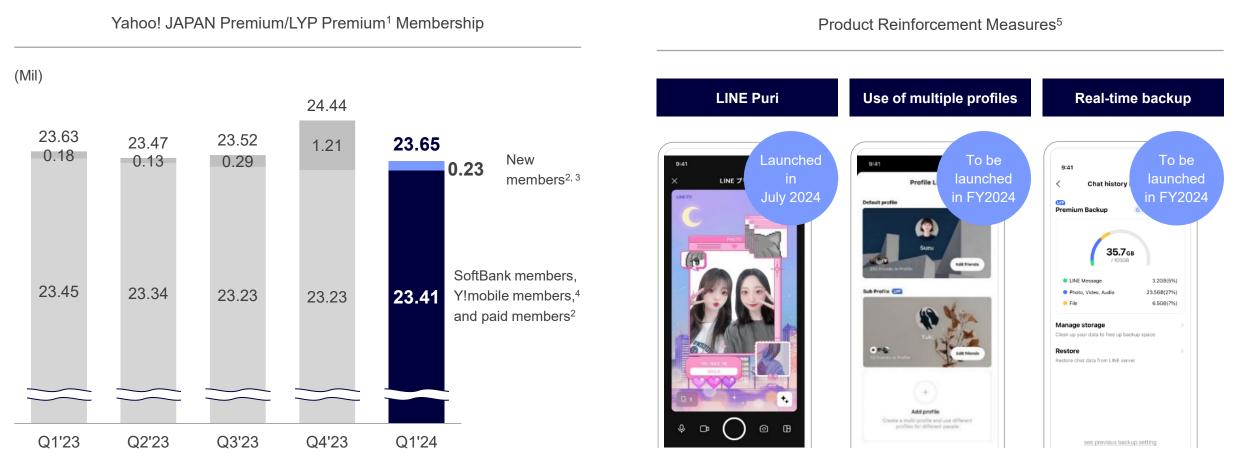
Adjusted EBITDA: Operating income + depreciation & amortization ± EBITDA adjustment items. EBITDA adjustment items: Gains/losses on non-recurring and non-cash transactions within operating revenue and expenses (loss on retirement of fixed assets, impairment losses, stock compensation expenses, gains on remeasurement relating to business combinations, other transactions with undetermined cash outflows (one-time provisions, etc.), etc.). Also, gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds. Definitions changed from FY2022 Q3. Added certain rents to depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds to EBITDA adjustment items.

• No. of paid accounts is increasing steadily, and revenue of account advertising maintained a growth rate exceeding 20%.



1. Figures provided are the number of paid accounts as of the end of each quarter.

• Implementing measures to convert new members into paid members and improve retention rates.



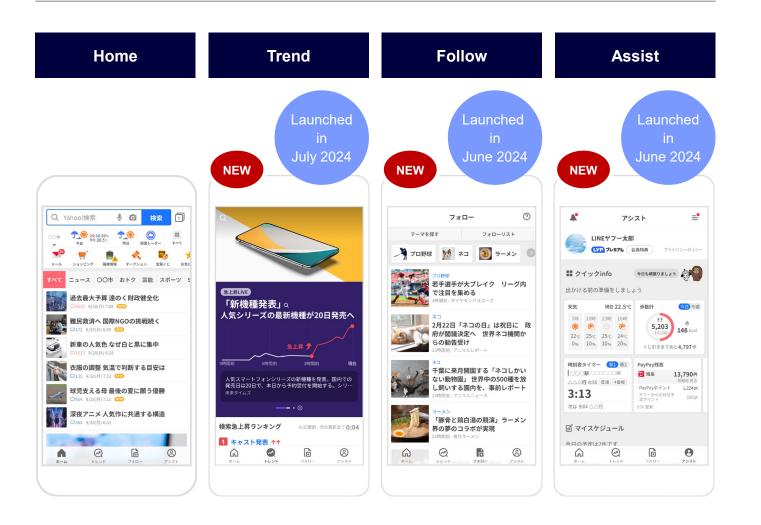
1. Yahoo! JAPAN Premium has been renamed as LYP Premium on November 29, 2023. The number of paid members and new members are estimates for FY2024 Q1, as they are finalized two months after the month in question.

- 2. The number of paid members and new members are estimated figures based on the revenue of Yahoo! JAPAN Premium and LYP Premium. Even if members canceled their membership by the end of the month, they are counted as paid members if they were paid members during the month.
- 3. As part of sales promotion measures, members who joined LYP Premium after it launched on November 29, 2023, can use the service free of charge for three months from the date of registration. Those who joined the service when it was under the name of Yahoo! JAPAN Premium can also use the service free of charge for three months from the registration date.
- 4. SoftBank members and Y!mobile members eligible for LYP Premium benefits.
- 5. The content depicted in these images is under development and may be subject to changes in the future.

• No. of sessions increased by promoting the use of multiple domains.

Redesigned Tab Structure

Effect

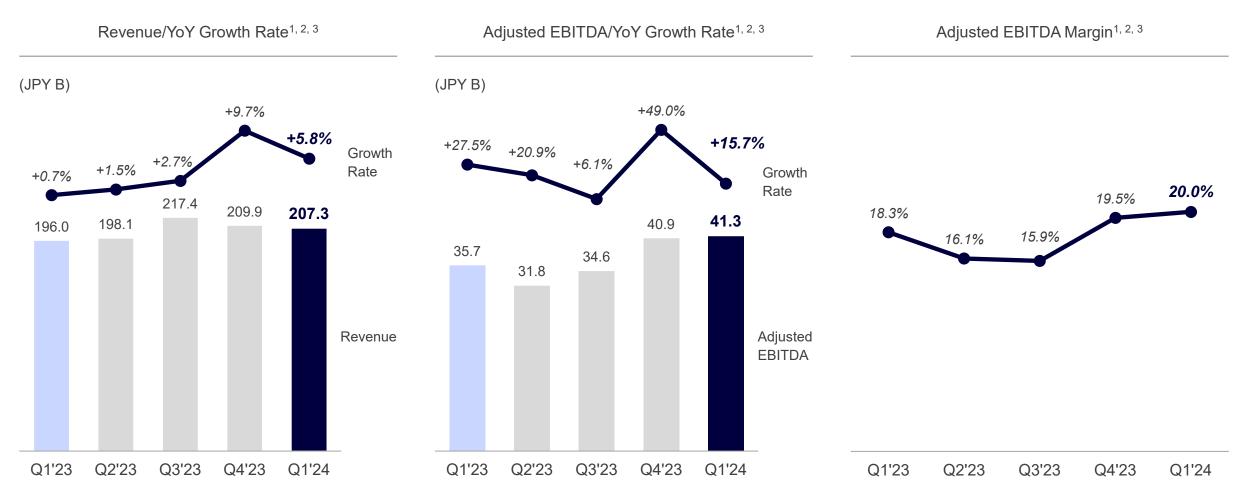


No. of sessions (number of visits) by users of the new tabs largely increased compared to non-users.

No. of sessions by users of the new tabs also increased compared to users of old tabs.

Will increase the no. of sessions by promoting the use of multiple domains in the app.

• Revenue of subsidiaries and Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping increased; one-time gain recorded in adjusted EBITDA.

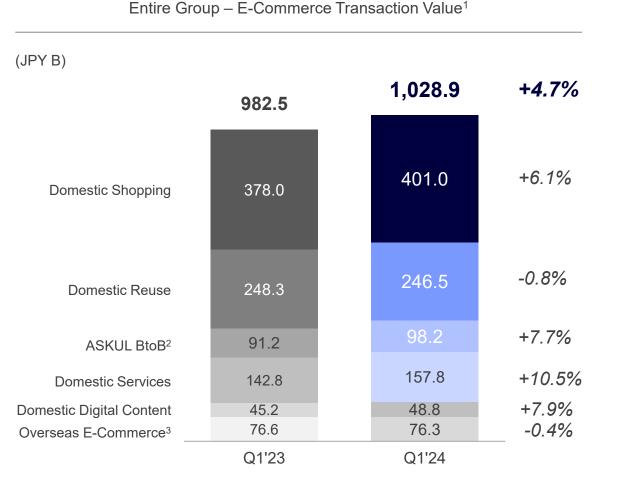


1. From FY2023 Q1, part of the expenses related to LINE Corporation and its subsidiaries, which were previously allocated to Other and Adjustments, have been allocated to Commerce Business. The segment information for FY2022 has been revised as a result.

2. In FY2023 Q3, membership service business was transferred from Commerce Business to Media Business. In addition, email service was transferred from Other to Media Business. As a result, figures for FY2022, FY2023 Q1, and FY2023 Q2 have been retroactively revised.

3. In FY2023 Q3, personnel expenses of the back office and technology divisions as well as expenses related to data centers and internal infrastructure that were classified under Adjustments, were allocated to each segment. In addition, some accounting items to which figures are recorded were changed due to the merger. As a result, figures for FY2022, FY2023 Q1, and FY2023 Q2 have been retroactively revised.

• Domestic shopping and ASKUL grew, and a strong growth in travel drove domestic services to a double-digit growth.



Domestic shopping business: +JPY22.9 billion

- ZOZO and ASKUL steadily increased their transaction solidly.
- Transaction value of Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping recorded a YoY growth of +8.3% as a result of promotion of cross-use leveraging the LYP Premium program, sales promotional measures for LYP Premium members, and product improvement.

Domestic reuse business: -JPY1.8 billion

 Although some commercial products were sluggish due to market factors in Yahoo! JAPAN Auction, Yahoo! JAPAN Flea Market remained solid as number of buyers increased.

Domestic services e-commerce: +JPY14.9 billion

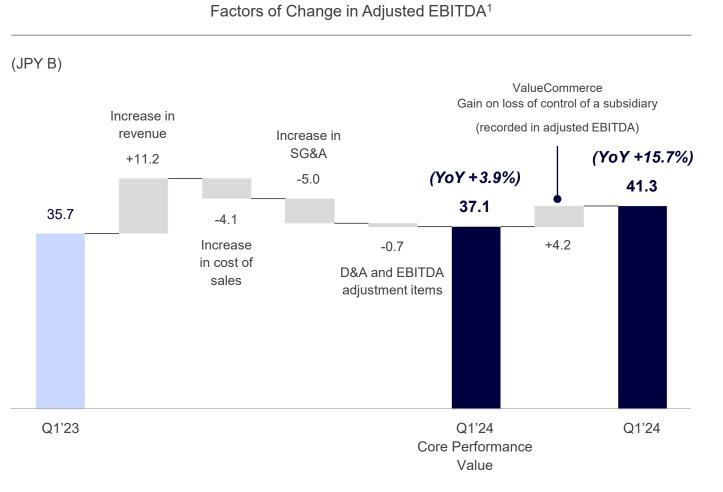
 Yahoo! JAPAN Travel continued a sales promotional measure providing 10% discount to all users. Sales promotional measures and personalized pricing in lkyu also contributed to the expansion in transaction value.

1. Please refer to P.23 of the Appendix for a definition of "transaction value."

2. From FY2023 Q1, the definition has been changed to include APMRO and FEED DENTAL in ASKUL's online BtoB business.

3. From FY2023 Q1, includes the transaction value of ZOZOFIT.

Income increased as a result of revenue growth of subsidiaries and Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping, offsetting the increased SG&A.



Cost of sales: +JPY4.1 B

 Increased due to revenue growth in ZOZO, ASKUL, and Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping

SG&A: +JPY5.0 B

 Sales promotion costs/advertising & promotional expenses (+JPY4.5 B): Increased mainly in sales promotion measures of Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping for LYP Premium members and new users

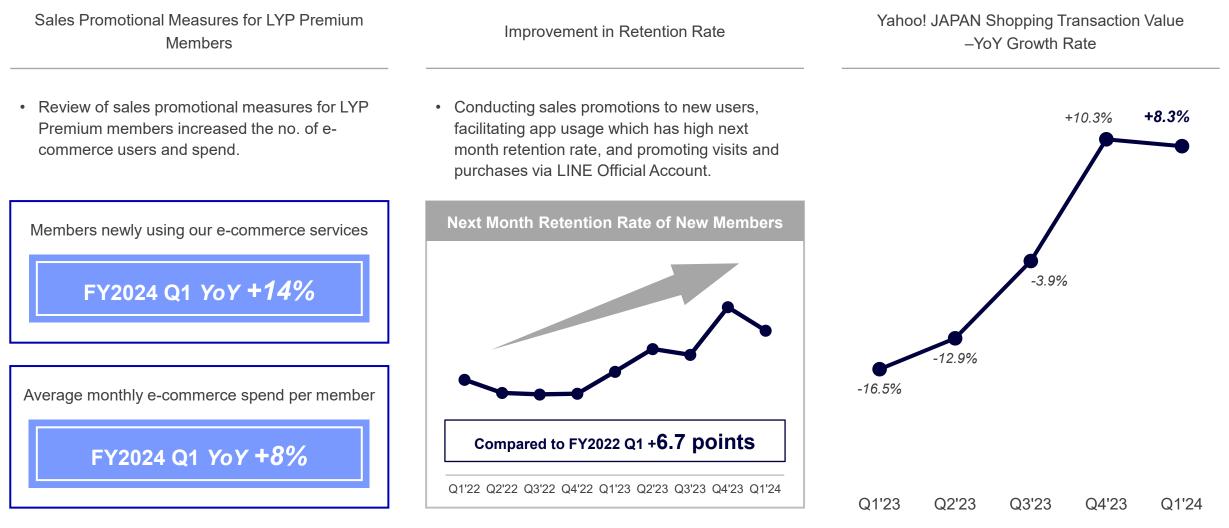
D&A and EBITDA adjustment items: -JPY0.7 B

The following one-time factors were recorded in FY2024 Q1. These are included in the operating income, but not in adjusted EBITDA, thus are offset in EBITDA adjustment items (other adjustments).

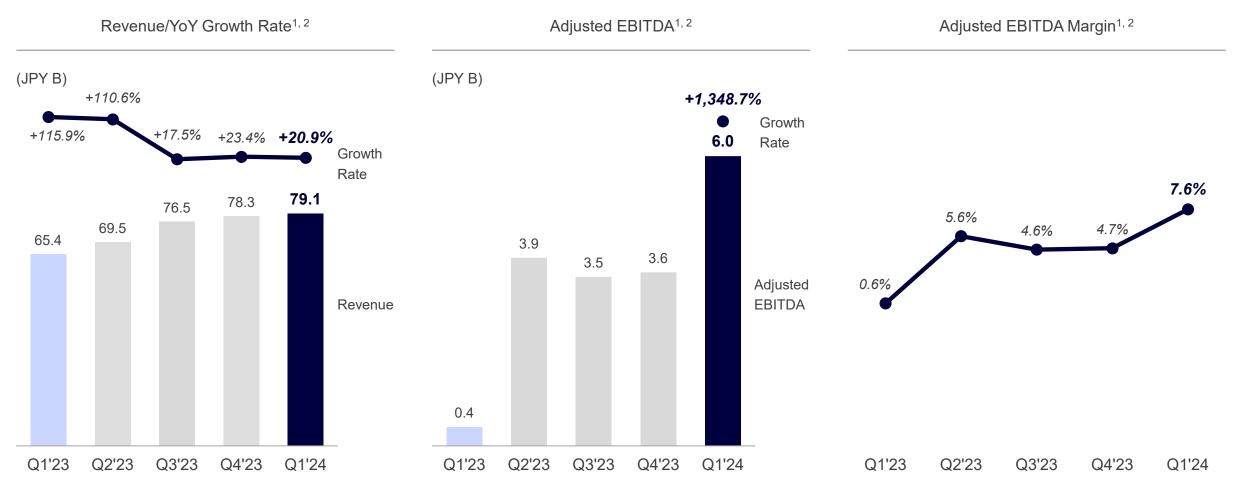
- IPX Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY22.7 B
- ValueCommerce Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY6.9 B (out of which JPY4.2 B is recorded in adjusted EBITDA)

Adjusted EBITDA: Operating income + depreciation & amortization ± EBITDA adjustment items. EBITDA adjustment items: Gains/losses on non-recurring and non-cash transactions within operating revenue and expenses (loss on retirement of fixed assets, impairment losses, stock compensation expenses, gains on remeasurement relating to business combinations, other transactions with undetermined cash outflows (one-time provisions, etc.), etc.). Also, gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds. Definitions changed from FY2022 Q3. Added certain rents to depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds to EBITDA adjustment items.

Transaction value of Yahoo! JAPAN Shopping grew as a result of a review of sales promotional measures and improvement in retention rate.



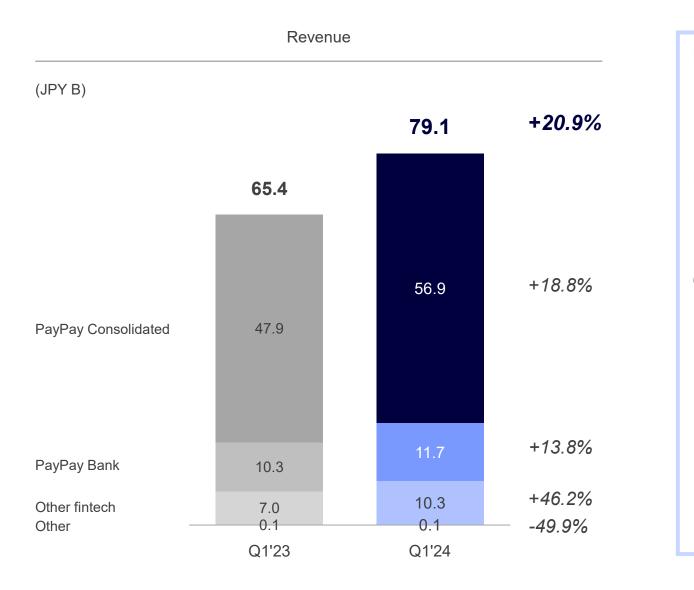
 Income increasing steadily as a result of growth driven by PayPay Consolidated and improved profitability in other fintech businesses.



1. From FY2023 Q1, part of the expenses related to LINE Corporation and its subsidiaries, which were previously allocated under Other and Adjustments, have been allocated to Strategic Business. The segment information for FY2022 has been revised as a result.

2. In FY2023 Q3, personnel expenses of the back office and technology divisions as well as expenses related to data centers and internal infrastructure that were classified under Adjustments, were allocated to each segment. In addition, some accounting items to which figures are recorded were changed due to the merger. As a result, figures for FY2022, FY2023 Q1, and FY2023 Q2 have been retroactively revised.

• In addition to PayPay Consolidated, PayPay Bank and LINE Credit contributed to revenue growth.



PayPay Consolidated: +JPY9.0 billion

• Revenue from payment fees increased due to the expansion in consolidated GMV, and interest revenue increased resulting from expansion in revolving balances.

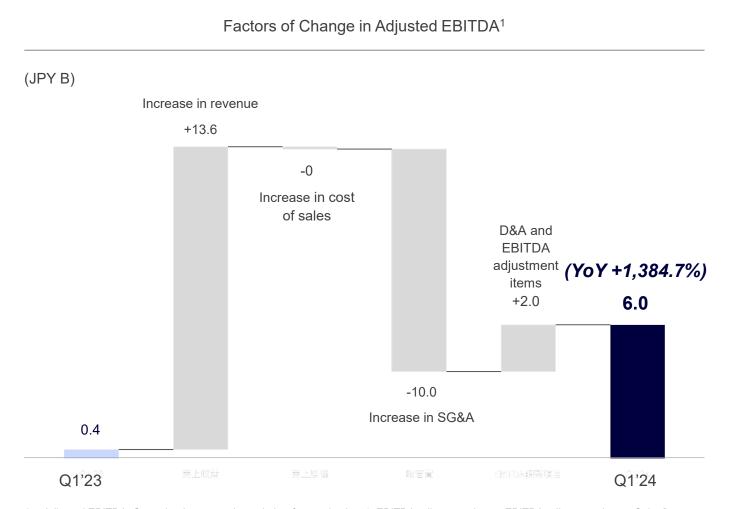
PayPay Bank: +JPY1.4 billion

 Increase in loan balances due to steady growth of mortgages and "bank card loans."

Other fintech: +JPY3.2 billion

- LINE Pay increased revenue as a result of steady overseas business.
- LINE Credit's revenue increased as a result of increase in loan balances.

 One-time expense due to termination of LINE Pay in Japan was offset by revenue growth, resulting in a significant increase in income.



Cost of sales: +JPY 0 B

SG&A: +JPY10.0 B

- Sales promotion costs/advertising & promotional expenses (+JPY3.1 B): Point-reward expense increased mainly as a result of GMV increase in PayPay Consolidated.
- Other SG&A (+JPY6.9 B): Increased due to recording of expenses related to the termination of LINE Pay service in Japan and increase in payment-related fees for PayPay Consolidated.

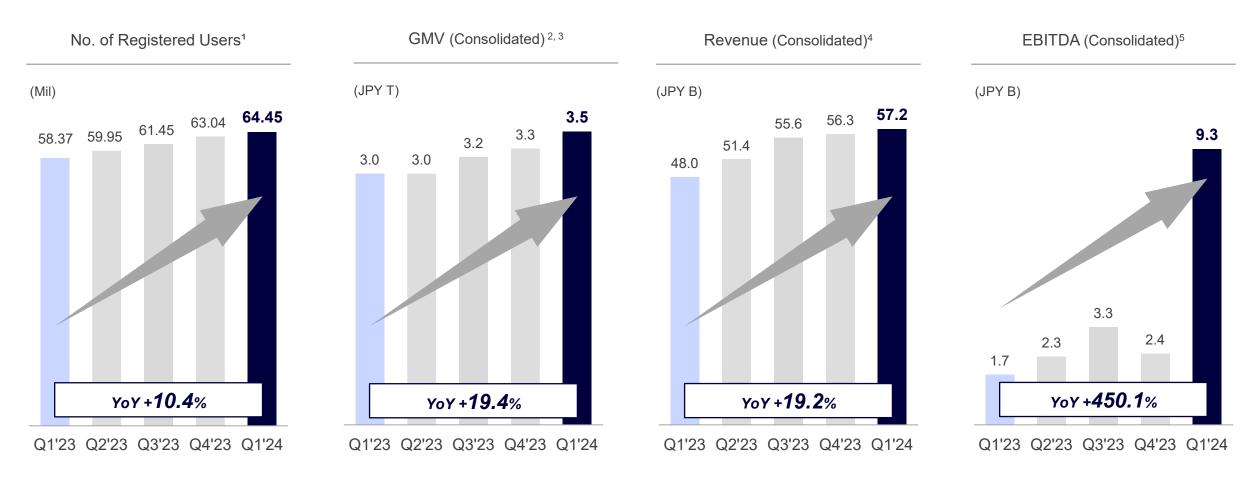
D&A and EBITDA adjustment items: +JPY2.0 B

The following one-time factor was recorded in FY2024 Q1. This is included in the operating income, but not in adjusted EBITDA, thus is offset in EBITDA adjustment items (other adjustments).

• LINE NEXT Gain on loss of control of a subsidiary: JPY13.3 B

Adjusted EBITDA: Operating income + depreciation & amortization ± EBITDA adjustment items. EBITDA adjustment items: Gains/losses on non-recurring and non-cash transactions within operating revenue and expenses (loss on retirement of fixed assets, impairment losses, stock compensation expenses, gains on remeasurement relating to business combinations, other transactions with undetermined cash outflows (one-time provisions, etc.), etc.). Also, gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds. Definitions changed from FY2022 Q3. Added certain rents to depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on sales of shares held by certain funds to EBITDA adjustment items.

• Quarterly operating income recorded profitability for the first time as a result of top-line growth and improved profitability.



1. Number of users who have registered to a PayPay account as of the end of each quarter.

- 2. The use of the "Send/Receive" function of "PayPay Balance" between users is not included. Payments via Alipay and LINE Pay, etc. and payments through "PayPay Credit (formerly Atobarai)" are included. The figures represent the sum of GMVs of PayPay Corporation and PayPay Card Corporation, with internal transactions between the two companies eliminated.
- 3. Figures are rounded down to the nearest billion yen and then rounded off to the nearest JPY100 billion.
- 4. The financial statements of PayPay Card Corporation have been consolidated with PayPay Corporation from the beginning of FY2021 by applying the pooling-of-interests method. IFRS. Non-audited.
- 5. Consolidated the financial statements of PayPay Card Corporation from the beginning of FY2021 by applying the pooling-of-interests method. EBITDA is calculated by adding depreciation and loss on disposal of non-current assets to operating income, IFRS. Non-audited.



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Disclaimer

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The Company cautions you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.

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