UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940 Release No. 6680 / September 9, 2024

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING File No. 3-22091

In the Matter of

DROMS STRAUSS ADVISORS, INC., D/B/A DROMS STRAUSS WEALTH MANAGEMENT

Respondent.

ORDER INSTITUTING ADMINISTRATIVE AND CEASE-AND-DESIST PROCEEDINGS, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 203(e) AND 203(k) OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940, MAKING FINDINGS, AND IMPOSING REMEDIAL SANCTIONS AND A CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDER

I.

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") deems it appropriate and in the public interest that public administrative and cease-and-desist proceedings be, and hereby are, instituted pursuant to Sections 203(e) and 203(k) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act") against Droms Strauss Advisors, Inc., d/b/a Droms Strauss Wealth Management ("Droms Strauss" or "Respondent").

II.

In anticipation of the institution of these proceedings, Respondent has submitted an Offer of Settlement (the "Offer"), which the Commission has determined to accept. Solely for the purpose of these proceedings and any other proceedings brought by or on behalf of the Commission, or to which the Commission is a party, and without admitting or denying the findings herein, except as to the Commission's jurisdiction over it and the subject matter of these proceedings, which are admitted, Respondent consents to the entry of this Order Instituting Administrative and Cease-and-Desist Proceedings, Pursuant to Sections 203(e) and 203(k) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, Making Findings, and Imposing Remedial Sanctions and a Cease-and-Desist Order ("Order"), as set forth below.

III.

On the basis of this Order and Respondent's Offer, the Commission finds that:

Summary

1. This matter involves failures by Droms Strauss, a registered investment adviser, to comply with Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-1 (the "Marketing Rule"). Specifically, after the compliance deadline for the Marketing Rule on November 4, 2022, and continuing through June 3, 2024 (the "Relevant Period"), Droms Strauss disseminated an advertisement in which it claimed that one of its investment adviser representatives provided investment advice that was free from conflicts of interest without providing any context for this claim. Droms Strauss discloses various conflicts of interest and efforts to mitigate them in Droms Strauss' Form ADV Part 2A brochure that applied to the investment adviser representative. As a result, Droms Strauss lacked a reasonable basis for believing it would be able to substantiate, upon demand by the Commission, that the investment adviser representative provided investment advice free from conflicts of interest and violated Section 206(4) of the Advisers Act and Rule 206(4)-1(a) thereunder.

Respondent

2. Respondent Droms Strauss is a Missouri corporation with its principal place of business in St. Louis, Missouri. Droms Strauss has been registered with the Commission as an investment adviser since January 20, 1998. In its Form ADV dated February 27, 2024, Droms Strauss reported that it had approximately \$676 million in regulatory assets under management.

Facts

- 3. On December 22, 2020, the Commission adopted significant amendments to Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-1, which governs marketing by Commission-registered investment advisers. *See Investment Adviser Marketing*, Release No. IA-5653 (Dec. 22, 2020) (effective May 4, 2021) ("Adopting Release"). The Commission set a deadline of November 4, 2022, eighteen months after the amendments' effective date of May 4, 2021, for registered investment advisers to come into compliance with the Marketing Rule. *See id.* at 252.
- 4. Under the Marketing Rule, registered investment advisers are prohibited from including in advertisements any material statement of fact that the adviser does not have a reasonable basis for believing it will be able to substantiate upon demand by the Commission. *See* Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-1(a)(2).
- 5. The Marketing Rule defines an "advertisement," in pertinent part, to include "[a]ny direct or indirect communication an investment adviser makes to more than one person ... that offers the investment adviser's investment advisory services with regard to securities to prospective clients . . . or offers new investment advisory services with regard to securities to current clients." Advisers Act Rule 206(4)-1(e)(1).

- 6. During the Relevant Period, Droms Strauss published communications on its public website at https://droms-strauss.com that constituted "advertisements" because they offered Droms Strauss' investment advisory services with regard to securities to prospective clients and offered new investment advisory services with regard to securities to current clients. As the communications were published on Droms Strauss' public website, they were made to more than one person.
- 7. During the Relevant Period, Droms Strauss disseminated an advertisement on its public website containing the material statement of fact that one of its investment adviser representatives "provides clients with conflict-free advice" without providing any context for this claim. However, Droms Strauss discloses various conflicts of interest and efforts to mitigate them in Droms Strauss' Form ADV Part 2A brochure that applied to the investment adviser representative. As a result, Droms Strauss lacked a reasonable basis for believing it would be able to substantiate upon demand by the Commission the material statement of fact in its advertisement that one of its investment adviser representatives "provides clients with conflict-free advice."

Violations

8. As a result of the conduct described above, Droms Strauss willfully violated Section 206(4) of the Advisers Act and Rule 206(4)-1(a) thereunder.

Undertakings

- 9. Respondent has undertaken to:
- a. Within 45 days of the entry of this Order, review its advertisements and confirm that the advertisements Droms Strauss is presently disseminating comply with the requirements of the Marketing Rule.
- b. Within 50 days of the entry of this Order, certify, in writing, compliance with the undertakings ordered pursuant to Section IV.C. below. The certification shall identify the undertaking(s), provide written evidence of compliance in the form of a narrative, and be supported by exhibits sufficient to demonstrate compliance. The Commission staff may make reasonable requests for further evidence of compliance, and Respondent agrees to provide such evidence. The certification and supporting material

¹ "Willfully," for purposes of imposing relief under Section 203(e) of the Advisers Act, "means no more than that the person charged with the duty knows what he is doing." *Wonsover v. SEC*, 205 F.3d 408, 414 (D.C. Cir. 2000) (quoting *Hughes v. SEC*, 174 F.2d 969, 977 (D.C. Cir. 1949)). There is no requirement that the actor "also be aware that he is violating one of the Rules or Acts." *Tager v. SEC*, 344 F.2d 5, 8 (2d Cir. 1965). The decision in *The Robare Group, Ltd. v. SEC*, which construed the term "willfully" for purposes of a differently structured statutory provision, does not alter that standard. 922 F.3d 468, 478-79 (D.C. Cir. 2019) (setting forth the showing required to establish that a person has "willfully omit[ted]" material information from a required disclosure in violation of Section 207 of the Advisers Act).

shall be submitted to Colin D. Forbes, Assistant Director, Asset Management Unit, Securities and Exchange Commission, Boston Regional Office, 33 Arch Street, 24th Floor, Boston, MA 02110, or such other address as the Commission may provide, with a copy to the Office of Chief Counsel of the Division of Enforcement, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549.

c. For good cause shown, the Commission staff may extend any of the procedural dates relating to these undertakings. Deadlines for procedural dates shall be counted in calendar days, except that if the last day falls on a weekend or federal holiday, the next business day shall be considered the last day.

IV.

In view of the foregoing, the Commission deems it appropriate and in the public interest to impose the sanctions agreed to in Respondent Droms Strauss' Offer.

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 203(e) and 203(k) of the Advisers Act, it is hereby ORDERED that:

- A. Respondent cease and desist from committing or causing any violations and any future violations of Section 206(4) of the Advisers Act and Rule 206(4)-1 thereunder.
 - B. Respondent is censured.
- C. Respondent shall comply with the undertakings enumerated in Section III, paragraphs 9.a and 9.b above.
- D. Respondent shall, within 10 days of the entry of this Order, pay a civil money penalty in the amount of \$85,000 to the Commission for transfer to the general fund of the United States Treasury, subject to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Section 21F(g)(3). If timely payment is not made, additional interest shall accrue pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717. Payment must be made in one of the following ways:
 - (1) Respondent may transmit payment electronically to the Commission, which will provide detailed ACH transfer/Fedwire instructions upon request;
 - (2) Respondent may make direct payment from a bank account via Pay.gov through the SEC website at http://www.sec.gov/about/offices/ofm.htm; or
 - (3) Respondent may pay by certified check, bank cashier's check, or United States postal money order, made payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and hand-delivered or mailed to:

Enterprise Services Center Accounts Receivable Branch HQ Bldg., Room 181, AMZ-341 6500 South MacArthur Boulevard Oklahoma City, OK 73169

Payments by check or money order must be accompanied by a cover letter identifying Droms Strauss as a Respondent in these proceedings, and the file number of the proceedings; a copy of the cover letter and check or money order must be sent to Colin D. Forbes, Assistant Director, Asset Management Unit, Securities and Exchange Commission, Boston Regional Office, 33 Arch Street, 24th Floor, Boston, MA 02110, or such other address as the Commission staff may provide.

E. Amounts ordered to be paid as civil money penalties pursuant to this Order shall be treated as penalties paid to the government for all purposes, including all tax purposes. To preserve the deterrent effect of the civil penalty, Respondent agrees that in any Related Investor Action, it shall not argue that it is entitled to, nor shall it benefit by, offset or reduction of any award of compensatory damages by the amount of any part of Respondent's payment of a civil penalty in this action ("Penalty Offset"). If the court in any Related Investor Action grants such a Penalty Offset, Respondent agrees that it shall, within 30 days after entry of a final order granting the Penalty Offset, notify the Commission's counsel in this action and pay the amount of the Penalty Offset to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such a payment shall not be deemed an additional civil penalty and shall not be deemed to change the amount of the civil penalty imposed in this proceeding. For purposes of this paragraph, a "Related Investor Action" means a private damages action brought against Respondent by or on behalf of one or more investors based on substantially the same facts as alleged in the Order instituted by the Commission in this proceeding.

By the Commission.

Vanessa A. Countryman Secretary